

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraph on page 11, lines 10 -26 (previously amended) with the following amended paragraph. The changes in this paragraph from its immediate prior version are shown with underlines for added information.

One preferred thermoplastic material, Konduit OTF-212-11 (which has a tensile strength of 7,600 when measured under ASTM method D638), was made into a thermoplastic body and tested for its coefficient of linear thermal expansion by a standard ASTM test method. It was found to have a CLTE in the range of –30 to 30°C of 1.09×10^{-5} in/in°F in the X direction and 1.26×10^{-5} in/in°F in both the Y and Z directions, and a CLTE in the range of 100 to 240°C of 1.28×10^{-5} in/in°F in the X direction and 3.16×10^{-5} in/in°F in both the Y and Z directions. (Hence, the relevant CLTEs for purposes of defining the invention are 1.09×10^{-5} in/in°F and 1.28×10^{-5} in/in°F.) Another similar material, Konduit PDX –0-988, was found to have a CLTE in the range of –30 to 30°C of 1.1×10^{-5} in/in°F in the X direction and 1.46×10^{-5} in/in°F in both the Y and Z directions, and a CLTE in the range of 100 to 240°C of 1.16×10^{-5} in/in°F in the X direction and 3.4×10^{-5} in/in°F in both the Y and Z directions. By contrast, a PBS type polymer, (Fortron 4665) was likewise tested. While it had a low CLTE in the range of –30 to 30°C (1.05×10^{-5} in/in°F in the X direction and 1.33×10^{-5} in/in°F in both the Y and Z directions), it had a much higher CLTE in the range of 100 to 240°C (1.94×10^{-5} in/in°F in the X direction and 4.17×10^{-5} in/in°F in both the Y and Z directions).